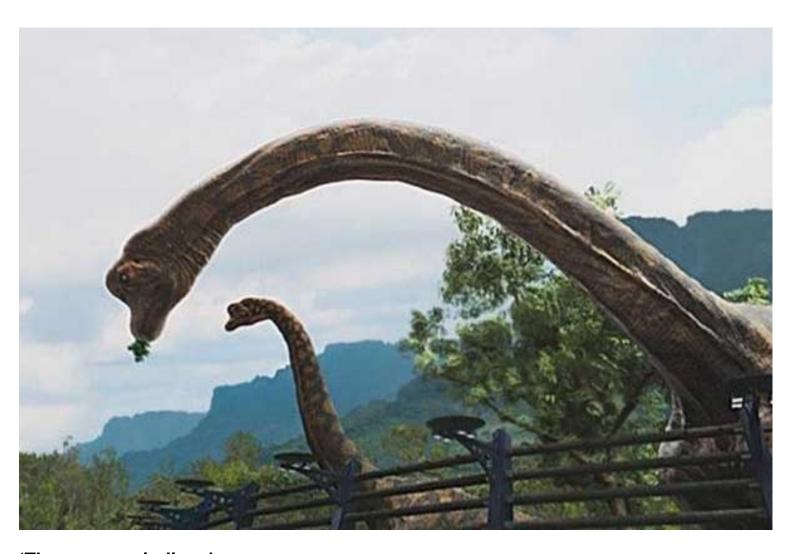


Tharosaurus indicus

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'Tharosaurus indicus'

Scientists from **Geological Survey of India** (GSI) have recently discovered the **oldest fossil** remains of **Tharosaurus indicus** in **Jaisalmer**, Rajasthan.



[ref-physics.org]

About the 'Tharosaurus indicus':

- It is a new species of dinosaur that has the long-neck and are plant-eating dicraeosaurid dinosaur.
 - Dicraeosaurid dinosaur is a long-necked, plant-eating dinosaur species.
- Its first name refers to the 'Thar desert' where the fossils were found, and the second after its country of origin.

Fossils of dicraeosaurid dinosaur:

- The fossil found in Jaisalmer are 167 million years old.
- Fossils of dicraeosaurid dinosaurs were previously found in North, South Americas, Africa and China.
- A systematic fossil exploration and excavation programme was initiated by GSI in 2018 in the Middle Jurassic rocks of the Jaisalmer.

Significance of the findings:

- India was a major centre of dinosaur evolution.
- This new Indian sauropod is only the oldest known dicraeosaurid and the oldest diplodocoid.
 - Diplodocoid is broader group which includes dicraeosaurids and other closely related sauropods.
 - Sauropod is the largest known dinosaur that has long neck, tail, a four-legged stance, and a herbivorous diet.
 - Dicraeosaurid is a sister group to Diplodocidae.
- Until now, the oldest dicraeosaurid belonged to China of about 166-164 million years old.